

Nano-Capillary HPLC with Fused-core Particles for Proteomics Applications

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Purpose of Study

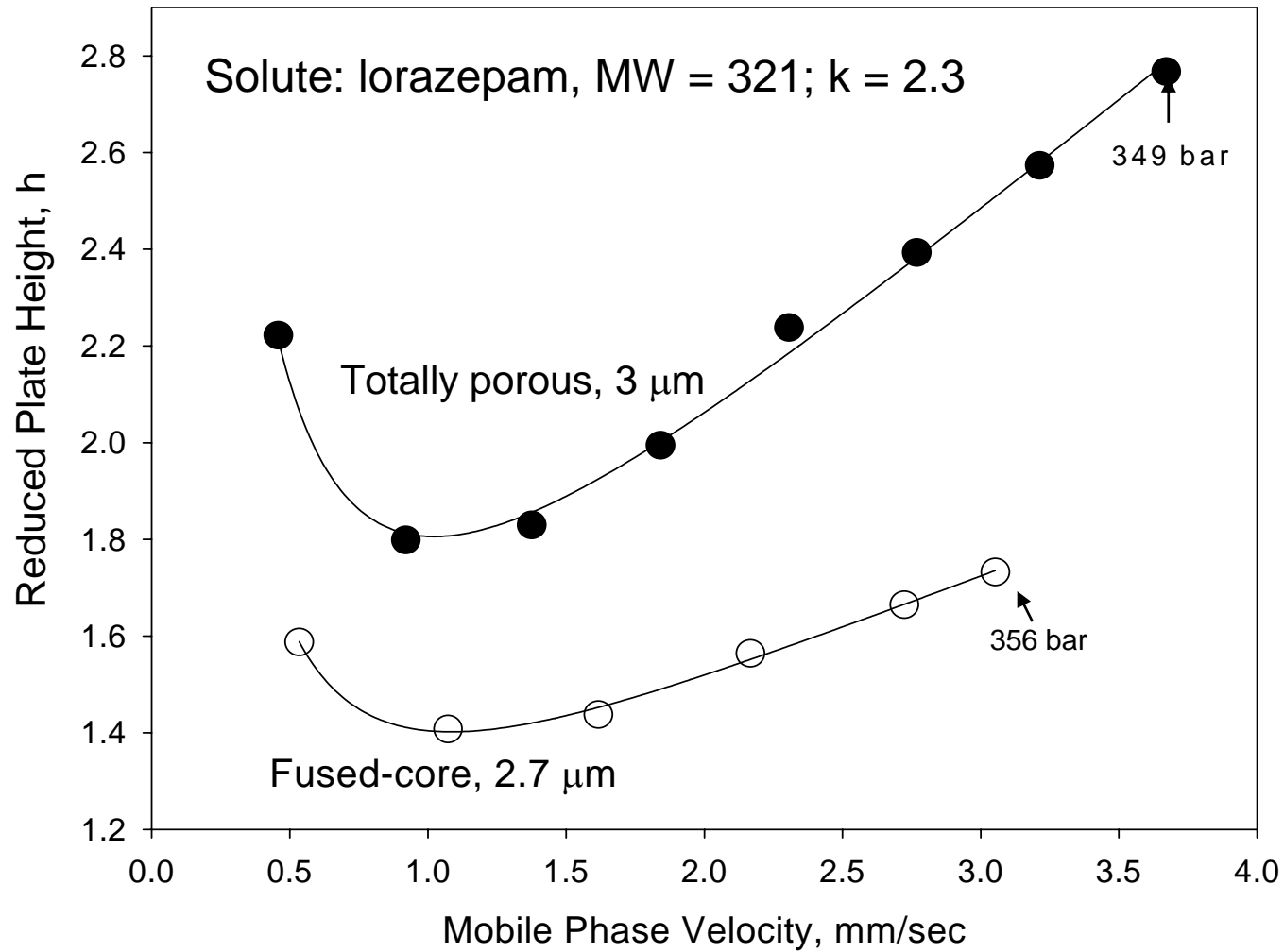
Illustrate the characteristics of superficially porous fused-core particles for high-efficiency separations in proteomic applications by capillary HPLC

Characteristics of Halo Fused-core Particles

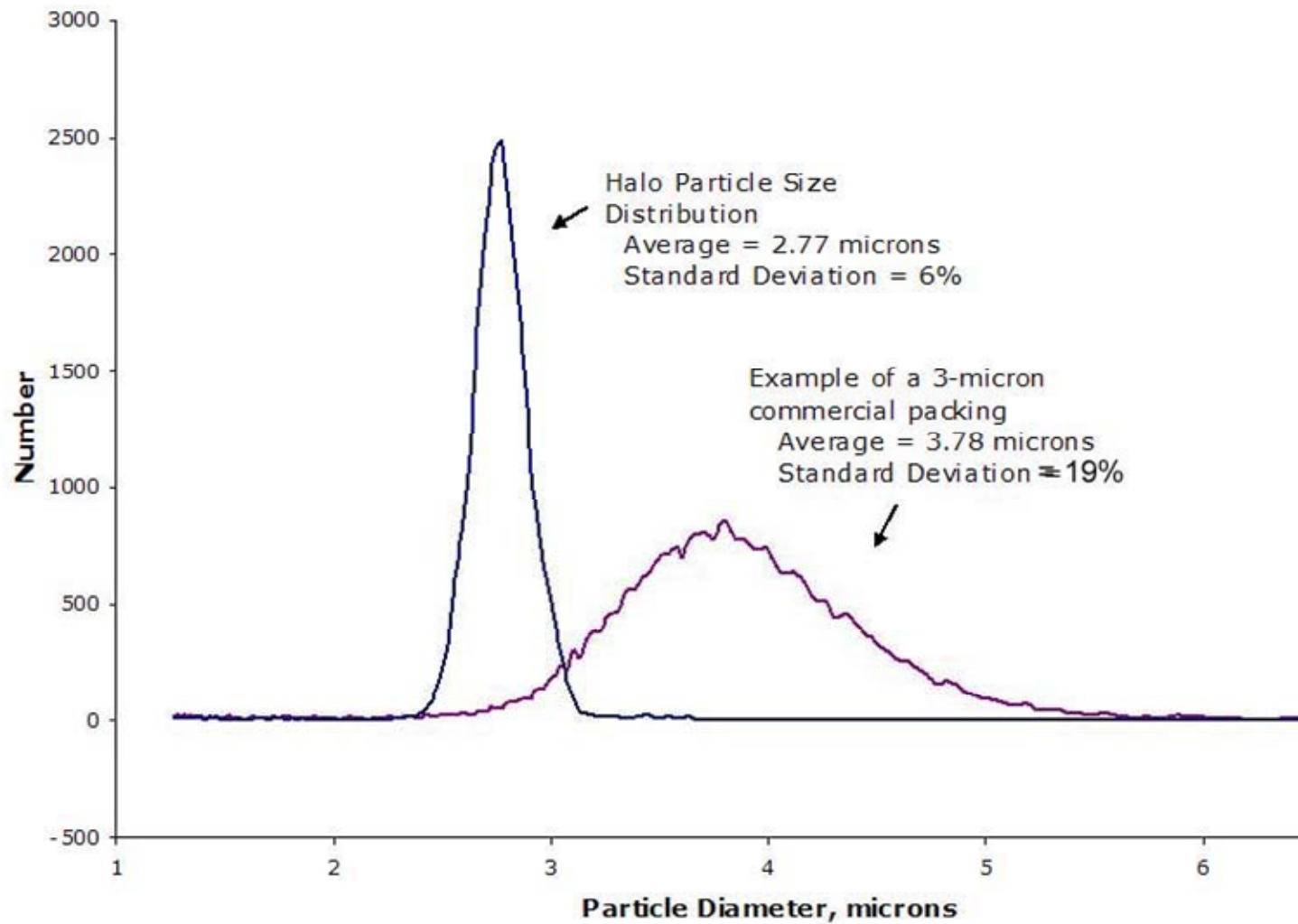
Silica -----	High-purity Type B
Overall diameter-----	2.7 μm
Solid core diameter-----	1.7 μm
Porous shell thickness-----	0.5 μm
Ave. pore diameter-----	9 nm
Total surface area, nitrogen---	150 sq.m/g
Porous shell surface area-----	220 sq.m/g
Pore volume-----	0.27 mL/g
Particle density-----	1.3 cc/g
Particle porosity-----	0.37

Fused-core vs. Totally Porous Particles

Columns: 4.6 x 150 mm; Temperature: 22 °C
Halo C18, 2.7 μm; 41/59 ACN/0.02 M phosphate buffer, pH 3.5
Ace C18, 3.0 μm; 43.5/56.5 ACN/0.02 M phosphate buffer, pH 3.5



Particle Size Distributions

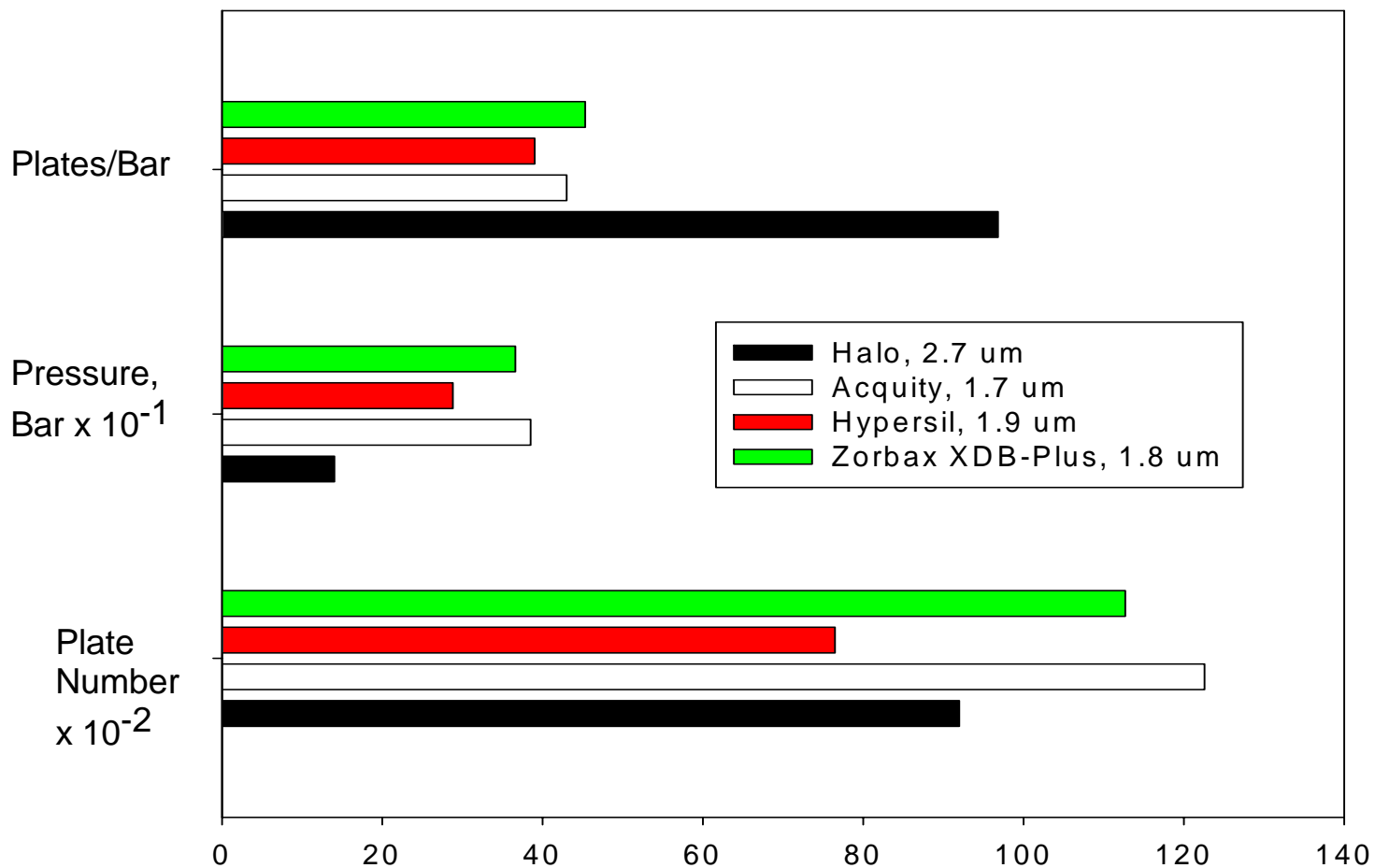


Performance of Small-particle Columns

Columns: 50 x 2.1 mm; solute: acenaphthalene; Temp. 25 °C

Mobile phase: 70% ACN/30% water; Agilent 1100

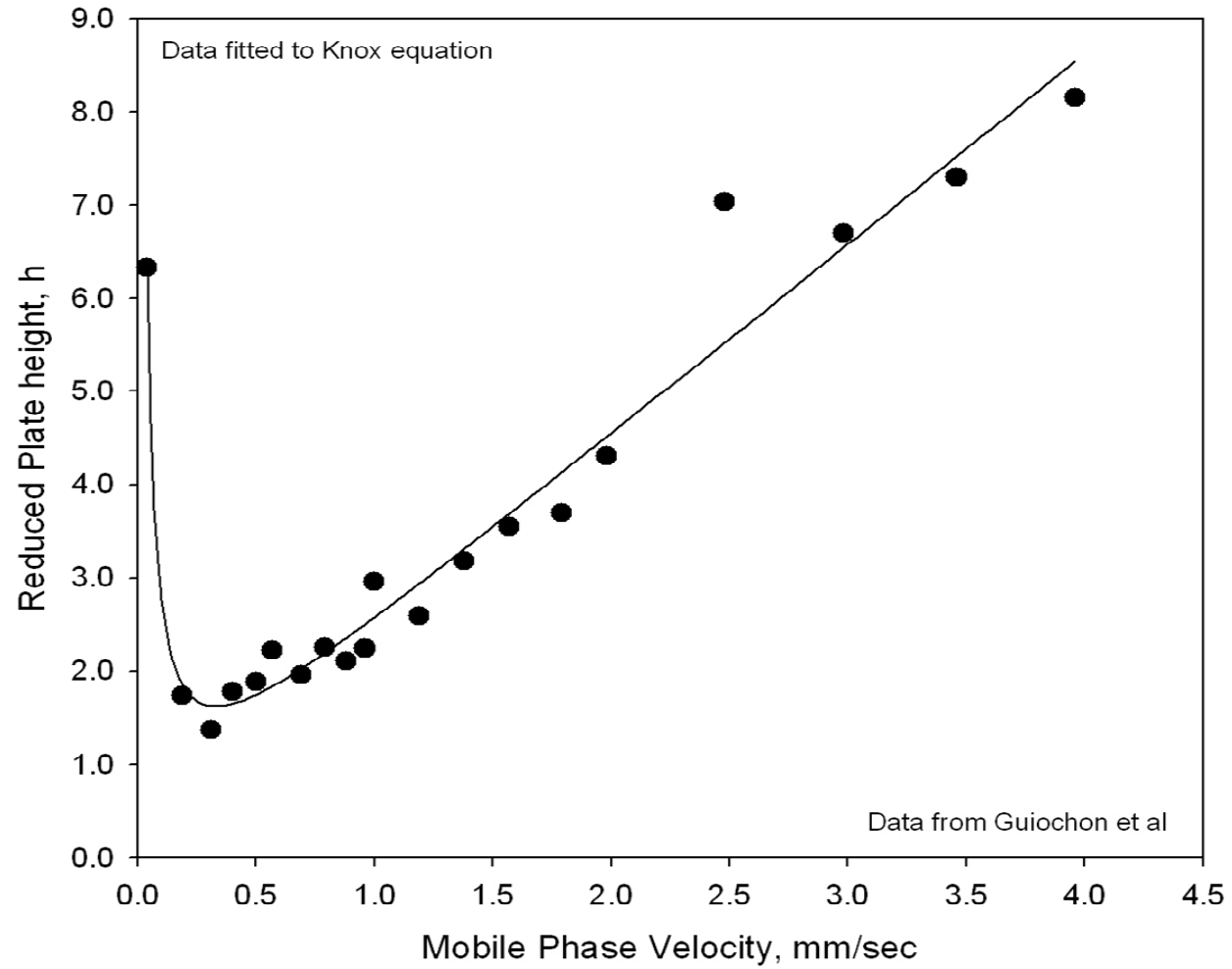
All data at the plate height minimum



Van Deemter Plot for Kallidin, 1205 Da

Column: 50 x 4.6 mm Halo C18; Temperature: 60°C

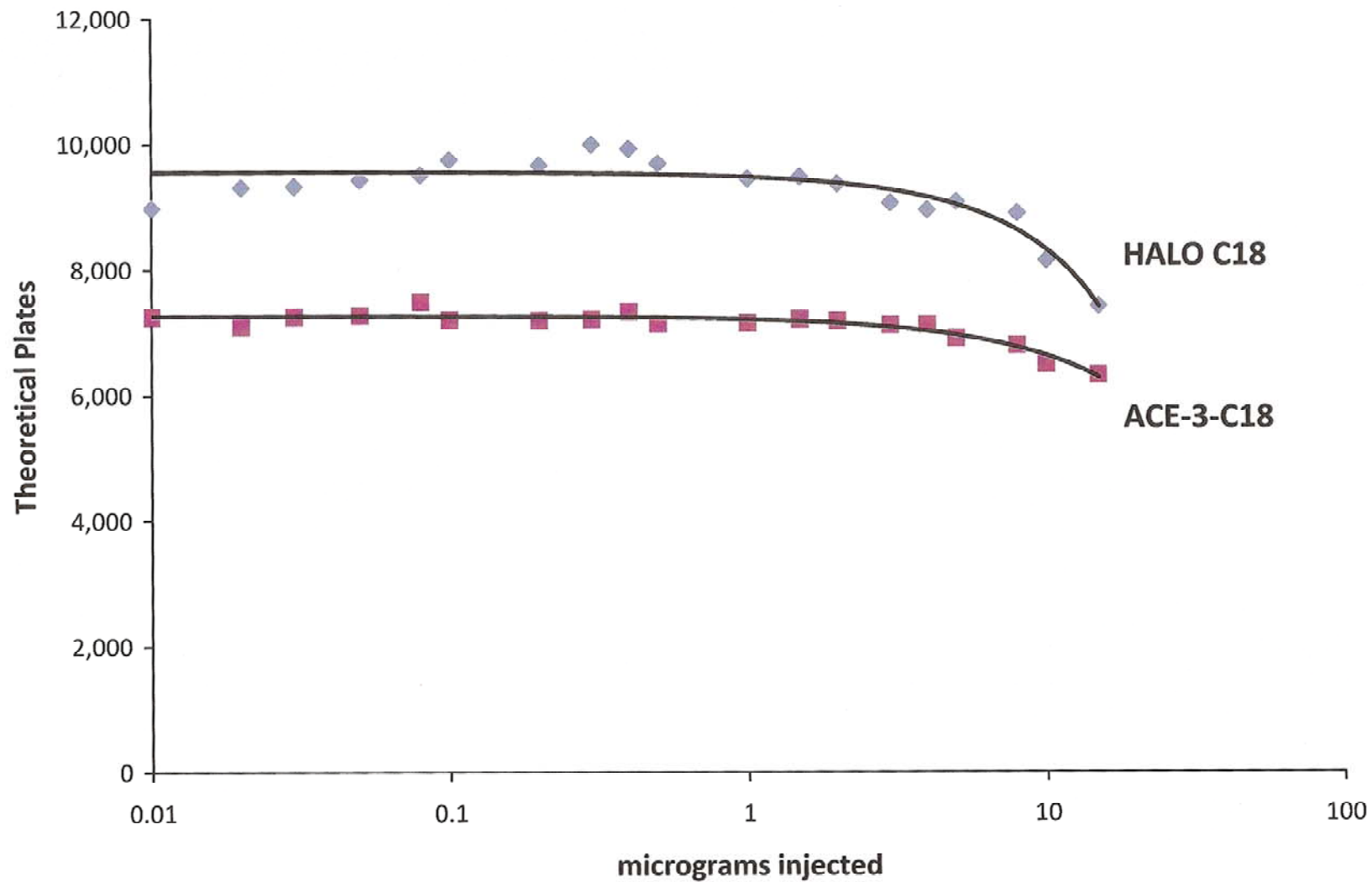
Mobile Phase: water/ACN/TFA/ 82/18/0.1 v/v %



Sample Loading Study - Butyl Paraben ($k \sim 3$)

60/40 Methanol/ 20 mM sodium phosphate, pH = 7.0

40 degrees C., 1.5 ml/min, 4.6 x 50 mm columns



Four Tryptic Peptides on Halo C18 Nano Column

Conditions:

Column - 0.1 x 150 mm 2.7u 90A Halo C18
Solvent A - 0.1% Formic Acid in Water
Solvent B - 100% Acetonitrile
Gradient - 5-45% B in 20 minutes
Flow Rate - 500 nl/min
Pressure - 2250 PSI
Temp - Room Temperature

Sample:

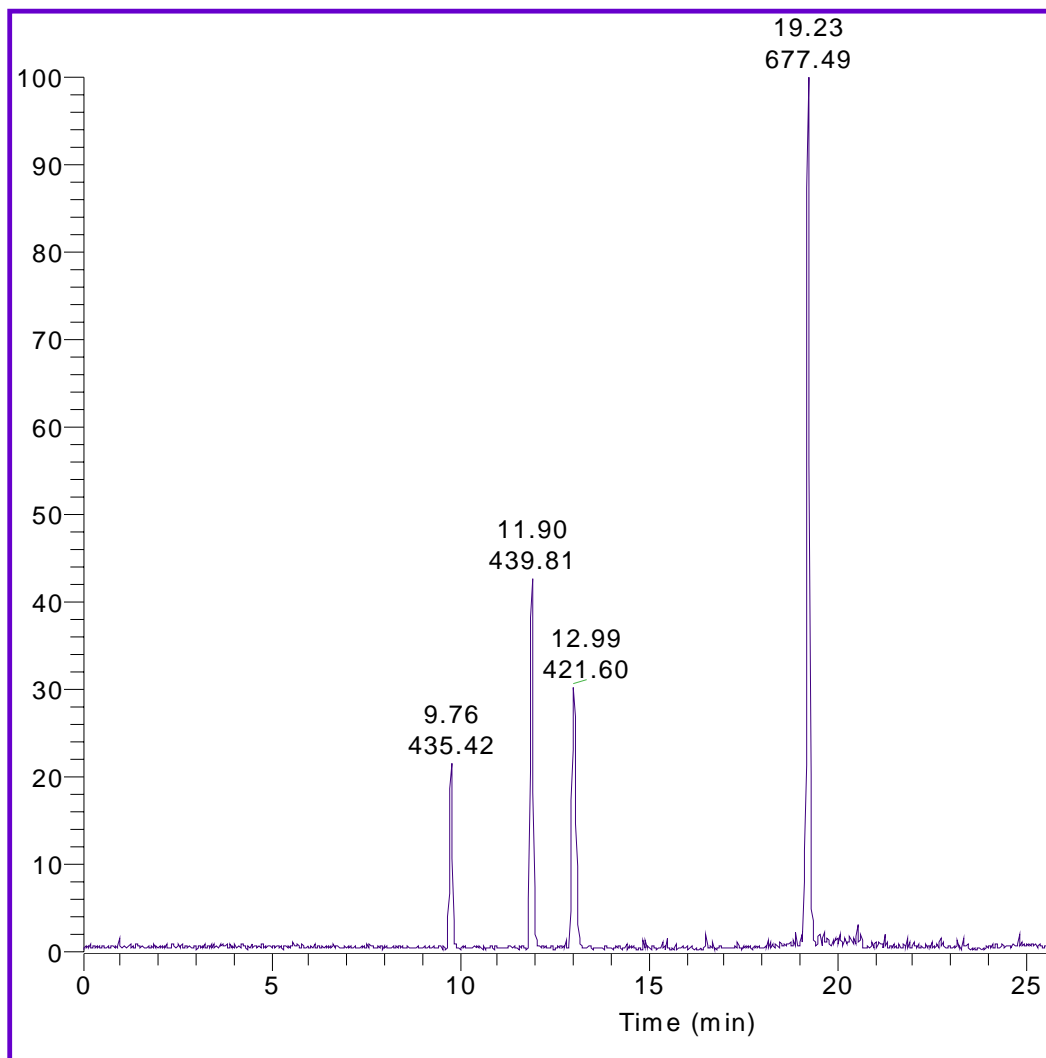
Volume - 100 nl
Amount - 100 fmol each peptide

Peptides:

TGGFLRR	(MW - 869)	MH ²⁺ - 435
YIYGSFK	(MW - 877)	MH ²⁺ - 439
ISRPPGFSPFR	(MW - 1262)	MH ³⁺ - 421
GFVFTLVPSGR	(MW - 1353)	MH ²⁺ - 677

Instrumentation:

HPLC - Paradigm MS2-NC MDLC
ESI - ADVANCE Nanospray Source
MS - LCQ Deca MS



Six Bovine Protein Digest on Halo C18 Column

Conditions:

Column - 0.2 x 150 mm 2.7u 90A Halo C18
Solvent A - 0.1% Formic Acid in Water
Solvent B - 100% Acetonitrile
Gradient - 5-45% B in 80 minutes
Flow Rate - 1 ul/min
Pressure - 1270 PSI
Temp - Room Temperature

Sample:

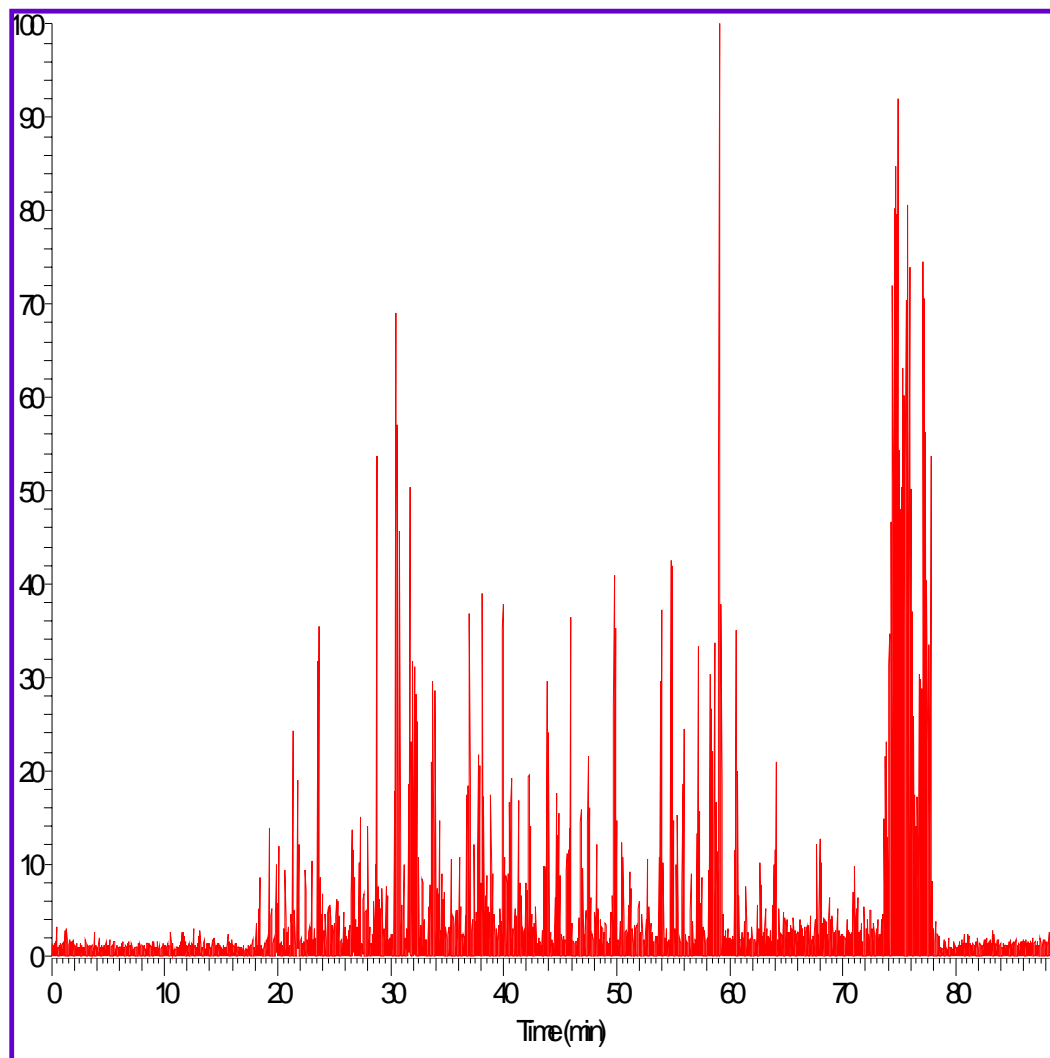
Volume - 100 ul (Trap Column Load)
Amount - 10 fmol each protein digest

Proteins:

Beta Lactoglobulin	(MW - 18,300)
Alpha Casein	(MW - 23,600)
Carbonic Anhydrase	(MW - 29,200)
Glutamate Dehydrogenase	(MW - 55,500)
Serum Albumin	(MW - 69,300)
Lactoperoxidase	(MW - 79,800)

Instrumentation:

HPLC - Paradigm MS4-NC MDLC
ESI - ADVANCE Nanospray Source
MS - LCQ Deca MS/MS



Robustness of Halo C18 Capillary Column

Conditions:

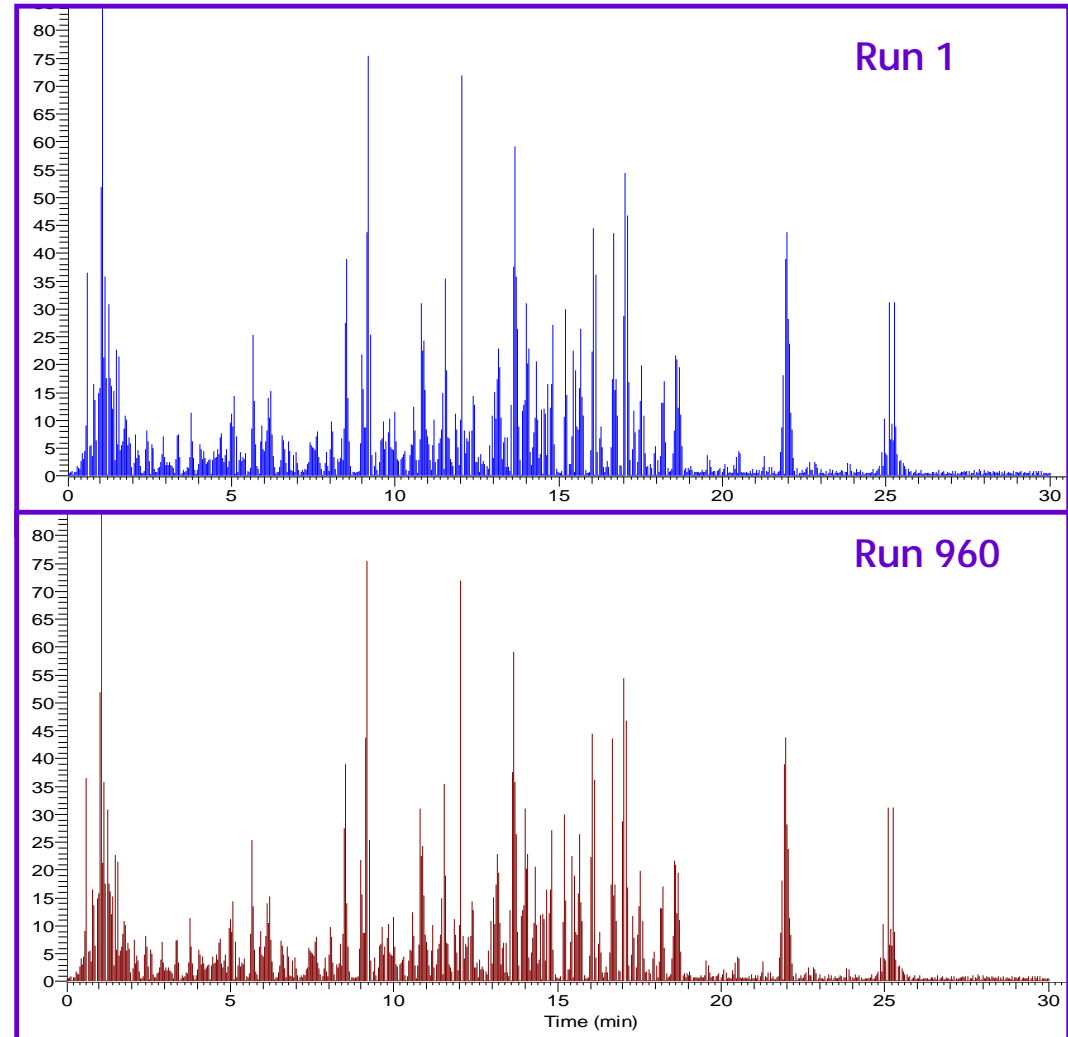
Column - 0.2 x 150 mm 2.7u 90A Halo C18
Solvent A - 0.1% Formic Acid in Water
Solvent B - 100% Acetonitrile
Gradient - 5-35% B in 20 minutes
Flow Rate - 2 ul/min
Pressure - 2340 PSI
Temp - Room Temperature

Sample:

Volume - 100 ul (Trap Column Load)
Amount - 100 fmol BSA Tryptic Digest

Instrumentation:

HPLC - Paradigm MS3-NC MDLC
ESI - ADVANCE Nanospray Source
MS - LCQ Deca MS/MS



Three Minute Biomarker Quantitation

Conditions:

Column - 0.2 x 50 mm 2.7 μ 90A Halo C18
Solvent A - 0.1% Formic Acid in Water
Solvent B - 100% Acetonitrile
Gradient - 5-45% B in 2 minutes
Flow Rate - 20 μ l/min
Pressure - 4690 PSI
Temp - 40C

Sample:

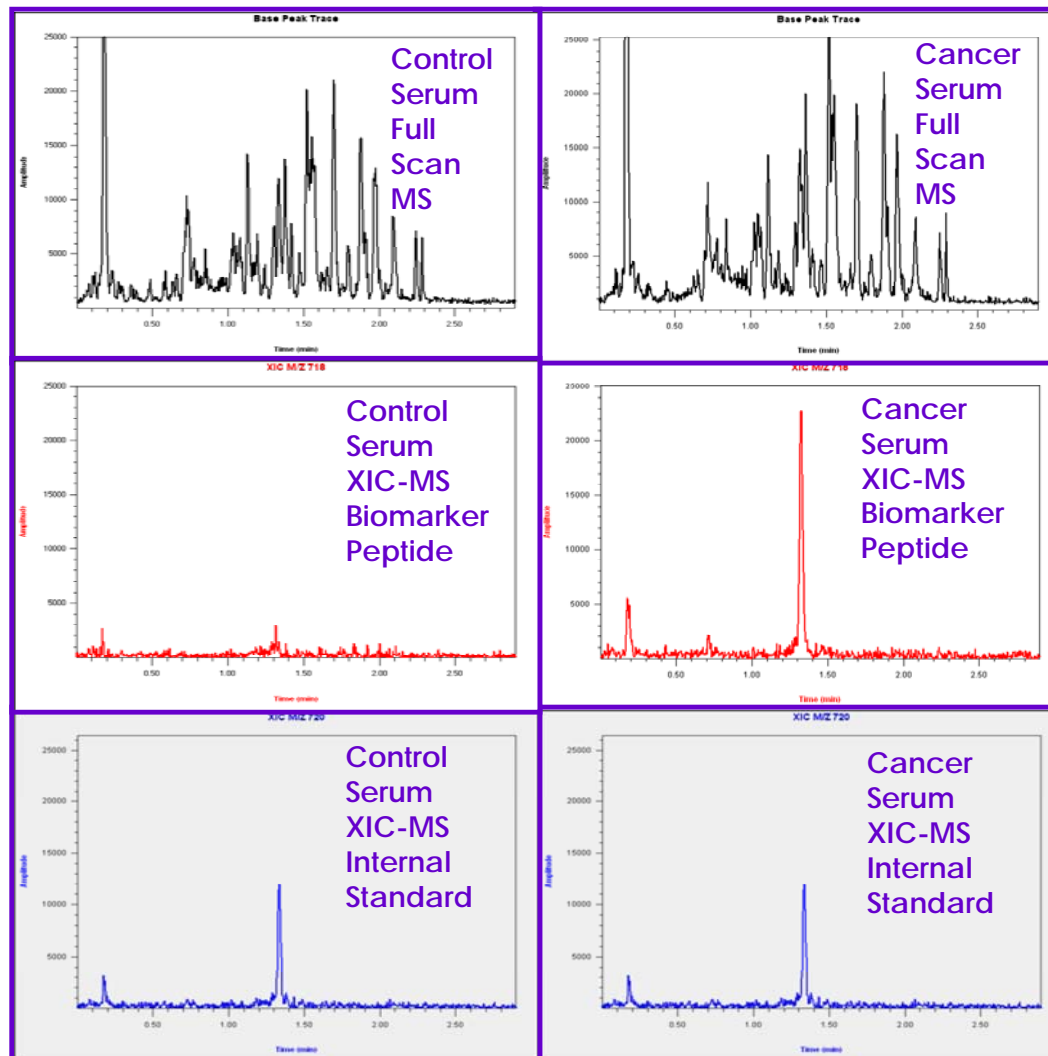
Volume - 100 μ l (Trap Column Load)
Amount - 100 amol internal standard

Sample 1 - Prep Digest Control Patient Serum

Sample 2 - Prep Digest Cancer Patient Serum

Instrumentation:

HPLC - Paradigm MS4-NC MDLC
ESI - ADVANCE Nanospray Source
MS - Paradigm MX1 TOF MSD



20 Intact Proteins (5-80 kD) on Halo C8 vs Micra C18

Conditions:

Column 1 - 1x50 mm 2.7u 90A Halo C8

Pressure - 1280 PSI

Column 2 - 1x50 mm 1.5u NPS Micra C18

Pressure - 4130 PSI

Solvent A - 0.1% TFA in Water

Solvent B - 0.1% TFA in Acetonitrile

Gradient - 5-65% B in 30 minutes

Flow Rate - 50 ul/min

Temp - 40 C

Sample:

Volume - 10 ul

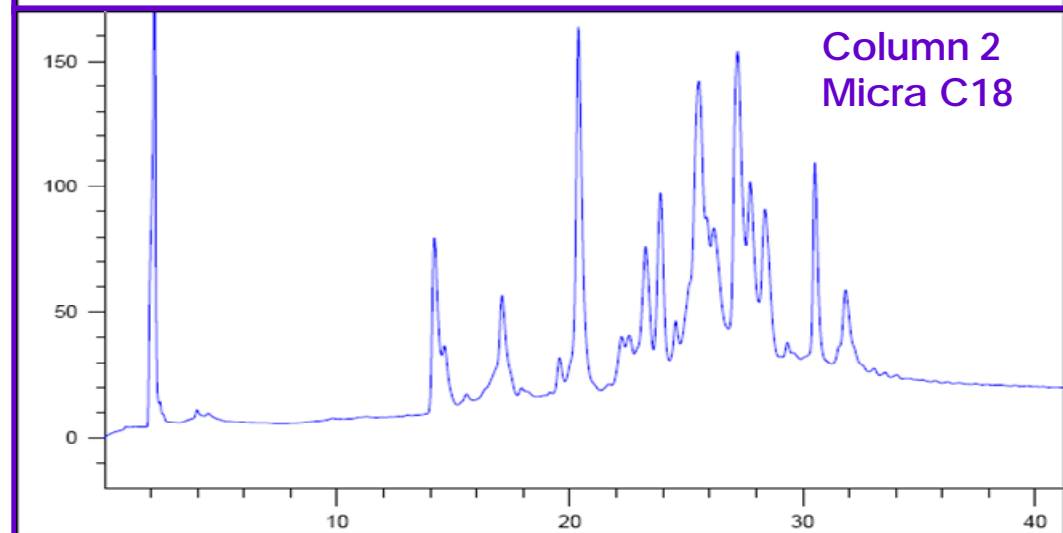
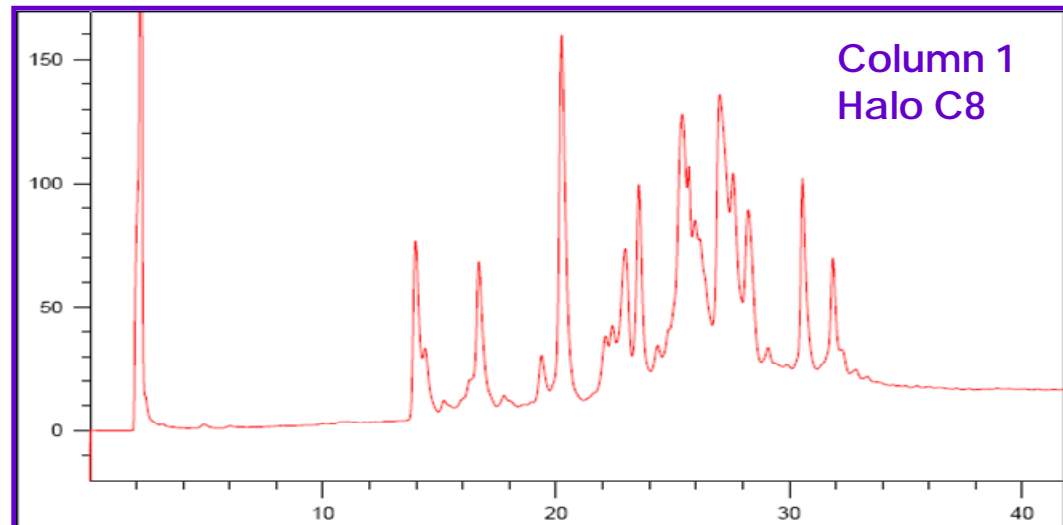
Amount - 1 pmol each protein

Instrumentation:

HPLC - Paradigm MS2-NC MDLC

ESI - ADVANCE Nanospray Source

MS - Paradigm MX1 TOF MSD



Conclusions

- Highly efficient separations of proteomic samples are feasible with fused-core particles in capillaries
- Rugged capillary columns of fused-core particles provide highly reproducible separations
- Capillaries with fused-core particles appear useful for the rapid screening of biomarkers using LCMS
- Other types of Halo fused-core columns allow additional selectivity options for difficult separations
- Fused-core particles with larger pores are anticipated for separating larger peptides and proteins